

St Margaret's-at-Cliffe CP School

Home Learning Class 6

Class 6	Monday 11 th May	Tuesday 12 th May	Wednesday 13 th May	Thursday 14 th May	Friday 15 th May
w/b					
11 th					
May					
English	WALT: write for a range of	WALT: edit and improve	WALT: plan a	WALT: write for a range of	WALT: assess SPAG skills
	purposes (narrative)		<u>discussion text</u>	purposes (discussion text)	
		If you have sent your writing to			This week would have been
	Using your comic strip from	me yesterday, I will have	Tomorrow you will be	Today you will be answering the	your SATS week. Have a go at
	last week as your plan, you	emailed it back to you with	answering the	question:	this Grammar and Punctuation
	are going to write this scene	feedback for you to edit today.	question:		paper from last year to see
	as a narrative. Here are the	I am in school today so please		<u>Is Lady Macbeth an evil</u>	how you might have done if
	links as a reminder.	bear with me if you've emailed	Is Lady Macbeth an evil	<u>character?</u>	you'd taken the test this year.
	 Click here for the 	today.	<u>character?</u>		
	<u>video</u>			Below is an example that I found	You can find the paper here.
	 Click here for the 	Other things to look out for	Think about both sides	online. You can use this to	(45 mins long, 50 marks)
<u>text</u>		when editing your writing:	of the argument. Plan	understand how to answer the	
		Is there anywhere you can	today and think about	question and you can magpie	If you want to, you could take
	Think about how to	uplevel your language? E.g.	reasons to back up	some ideas.	the spelling test (20 marks) too
	interweave description,	if you've used 'red', can	your argument.		which you can find here.
	dialogue and action. You	you find a better word?		This should be written in third	
	don't want too much	Have you used a range of	You should consider	person throughout – until the very	Though you'll need someone
	speech or the reader may	punctuation? . , ! ? " () : ;	both sides of the	last paragraph when you include	to read the sentences to you
	get lost or bored within it.	Do your sentences begin in	argument carefully,	your personal opinion.	which you can find here.
		lots of different ways? Can	then bring in your own		
	Remember to include	you start with a fronted	personal opinion in the	There are some opening and	You can find the mark scheme
	excellent vocabulary, vary	adverbial?	summary with an	conjunction words you can use	here. (for both papers)
	your sentence lengths and	Have you added enough	explanation.	within your writing and a checklist	
	structures and punctuate	action and description		for discussion texts below.	
	your speech accurately.	within your speech?	Below is a paragraph	You can email this to me for	
		Remember, you've seen	planner (intro, for,	marking – you can send me a	
	I have included an example	the video but your reader	against, summary)	photo of this in your exercise	
	that I have written below.	will rely on your		book, a Word doc or a PDF.	

There are also some previous y6 pupil examples. You can email this to me for marking – you can send me a photo of this in your exercise book, a Word doc or a PDF.	description to be able to imagine it in their head. Read through each paragraph carefully – does it all make perfect sense?			
Today you are going to recap ratio that you began last week – this is to remind you of what you learned last week and how to calculate the ratio problems after the long weekend. You will be completing either A, B or C from Target book page 70-71. You can find these on the Class 6 page. Answers are included in a separate PDF for you to self – mark. Ex Hot If you finish, have a look at the ratio game within that document. You will need a dice, 10p and 5p coins and a person to play with you. If you don't have a dice at home, you could make one	WALT: understand scale factors We can use ratio when we enlarge shapes. Enlargement — to make a shape bigger. The shape will hold its original shape but all sides will have been enlarged by the same ratio. A	WALT: understand and calculate scale factors. Continue and extend your knowledge from yesterday based on using and calculating scale factors with enlargement. On the Class 6 page you will find: - PowerPoint - Questions - Answers for you to selfmark Please attempt as many of the questions as you can.	Ratio and proportion are often taught together but they are not the same. Ratio compares two quantities side by side e.g. 2 boys to 3 girls is 2:3 and the total is 5. Proportion finds the parts of the whole amount. There are 12 counters in total. 3 are red. 9 are blue. So the proportion of red counters is 3 in 12. The proportion of blue counters is 9 in 12. We can write this as a fraction. So the proportion of red is 3/12 which we'd simplify to ¼ and the proportion of blue counters is 9/12 which we'd simplify to ¾. What are the proportions of orange and blue counters here?	WALT: understand ratio and proportion problems Have a go at these problems which combine ratio and proportion. They are taken from Target books p 74 − 75 which you can find on the Class 6 page. Choose A, B or C. Extra Hot: If you finish, there is an activity for you to complete which you can find within the same document. Answers are included for you to self-mark. If you have any questions you can of course email me and I'll do my best to help. Ø

	using a net of a cube or download a free dice app.	Have a look at the PowerPoint on the Class 6 page which explains and shows this further. Then try the questions which you will find on the Class 6 page. It says use squared paper but if you don't have any, try your best in your lined book. Answers are included in a separate PDF for you to self-		Did you get: Orange: 1 in 8 (1/8) Blue: 7 in 8 (7/8)	
		<mark>mark</mark> .		Have a go at some more of these, taken from Target p72-73. You can	
				find this on the Class 6 page.	
				Choose A, B or C. There is an Extra Hot if you have time.	
				Answers are included for you to	
				self-mark in a separate PDF.	
Topic	Science	DT/Science	Art:	Geography	PE
	WALT: identify how animals are adapted to suit their	WALT: design and create a bird feeder	WALT: use different media to represent	WALT: understand the effects of weathering	WALT: improve throwing and catching skulls
	environment and that	<u>ieedei</u>	ideas	weathering	<u>catering skuns</u>
	adaptation may lead to	Think about how you could	1000	Find out about what weathering	Visit this website and look up
	evolution.	design a simple bird feeder that	I would like you to	means and its effects on our world	Year 5/6 Striking and Fielding
		you could place in your garden.	choose a window in	<u>here</u> .	lesson one.
	How many different species	You would need to have the	your house that you		
	of birds can you think of?	resources at home so think	can sit next to and	You will find some effects of	https://www.passltd.org/copy-
	How do they differ from	carefully about how you could	recreate the view.	weathering just by looking outside	of-pe-year-3-4
	each other?	make it with whichever resources you have available.	You could use any	in your garden. Can you spot any?	These are activities that you
	Watch this clip – it's an	resources you have available.	resources you have	I would like you to present your	can do in your garden by
	introduction to birds of	You can find some ideas here.	available to you at	findings to me. You can present	yourself. There is one activity
	prey. Find it <u>here</u> .		home; pencils,	your learning in any way you wish.	where you will need a partner
		Once you have made it, you	colouring pencils,		(grab a grown-up or sibling to
	One very important	can place it outside and watch	pastels, chalks, paint,		help you)
	difference among birds is	as the birds flock to your	felt tips.		
	their diet. Some birds eat	garden to eat!			You will need a ball.

fish, some eat meat, some eat insects, others eat seeds. What do you think determines this?

This is a very informative video about birds and their beaks. Watch here:

Draw a table to identify the following points. Fill in as many as you can, based on knowledge from the video.

- Bird species
- Shape of beak
- Drawing of beak/bird
- Diet
- Other interesting facts

An example of this can be found below.

How do you think the birds ended up with the right type of beak?

- They are simply lucky?
- They were designed this way?
- They are the survivors?
 (Other birds without such features have died out only the successful survivors have been able to pass on their genes)

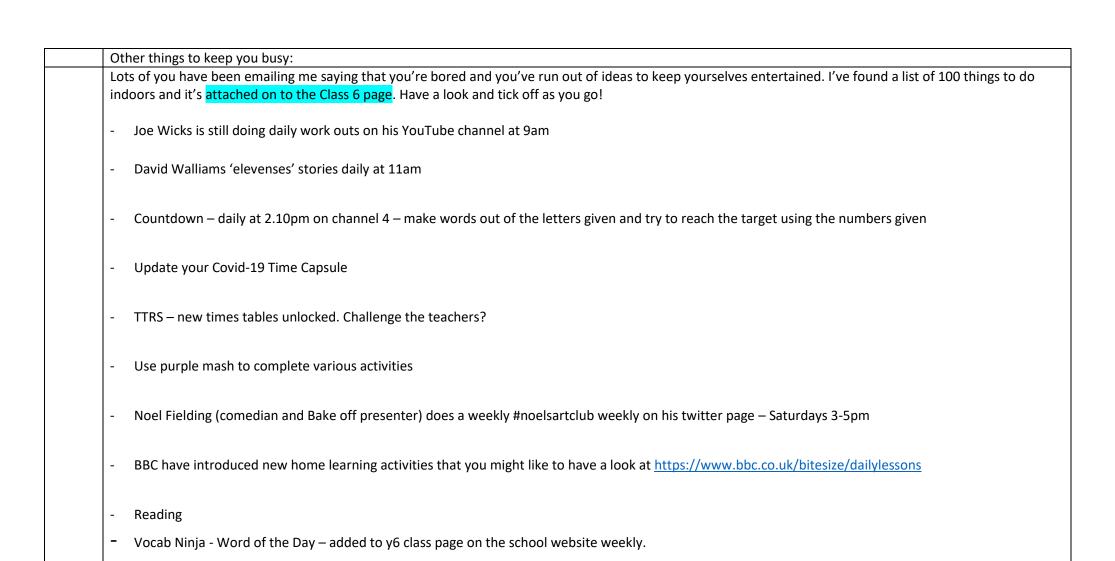
If you'd like to find out more, have a listen to $\underline{\text{this}}$ $\underline{\text{clip}}$.

See how many different species you can spot.





Do try to add detail and focus on your artistic skill. Take time over it.



Monday and Tuesday - Act 3 Scene 4 - Banquo's Ghost - My example text

Within the elaborately decorated dining hall, the new king and his loving wife began to greet their honoured guests.

"Come, come our loyal friends, please be ensconced at our fulfilling feast", Lady Macbeth gestured to the extravagant banquet laid out at the table.

"Why thank you, my good lady", Ross replied, "This certainly looks appetising". As the guests merrily discussed the couple's new hierarchical ranking,

Macbeth detected a figure, lurking in the shadows of the great hall. Discreetly, the king wandered away from his aristocratic visitors and over to the hidden

outline.

"The deed is done", the reserved figure quietly whispered, "Just as you asked".

"Well done, my loyal servant", Macbeth responded, "And what is the fortune of young Fleance?" The murderer's facial expression changed from a look of delight to a look of plaguing guilt.

"Unfortunately my Lord, he escaped during the butchery of his unknowing father", he explained.

"Never fear, my good man. The serpent has left us for now but in time he will be back to spread his venomous poison".

Meanwhile at the dining table, the royal guests had all taken their seats. Lady Macbeth, who was draped in finest silk-woven dress and an array of glistening jewels, had patiently waited for her deceitful husband before raising the toast. In the midst of the merry cheer and laughter, Ross announced,

"My Lord, we have reserved you a seat, do join us". Macbeth gazed in confusion, each seat taken by a visitor.

"The table's full", Macbeth laughed as he took his goblet and searched for a vacant chair.

"But my Lord", Ross insisted, "This seat here, at the head of the table, is reserved for you".

Thoroughly confused, the king glanced again at the space his attendant was beckoning him towards. Each chair was filled. In front of him, Macbeth could see a man, hair as grey as the miserable rain clouds, wearing a dark cloak and sitting amongst the others. At that moment, the visitor in question began to slowly turn, facing Macbeth, to reveal his slaughtered face. Crimson blood poured from his numerous deep wounds as his eyes pierced into Macbeths mind. It was Banquo.

"How dare you challenge me!" Macbeth panted. "I have not done this". The other guests looked bewildered as Macbeth yelled at the empty space. "Be gone you hideous sight, it is not I who should be blamed for this!", Macbeth continued, raising his voice further still.

"His highness is unwell, we must leave", Ross declared as he rapidly stood up from his chair. Other guests began to follow suit.

"No!" Lady Macbeth screeched, "My husband is like this sometimes and has been since he was a child. Please be seated and let us continue the celebration". More stable now, the king appeared to have recovered from his recent hallucination and apologised to his perplexed guests.

"Let us continue with this delectable feast", he pleaded. Uncomfortable with the recent events, the guests did as they were instructed.

Moments later, wine glasses came clattering from the table and food was strewn across the cloth. Macbeth threw down his cutlery in haste. Taking an almighty stomp with each step, the image of Banquo appeared in Macbeth's head once again, this time walking towards him across the dining table.

"No! You need to leave; my soul is pure! Too pure for the hell that you bring with you!" Macbeth screamed at the apparently empty space in the room. "I am innocent!" he protested.

In desperation, Lady Macbeth ushered her guests towards the door so as not to allow Macbeth to expose their ghastly secrets. And with that, the puzzled guests abandoned their food; disappearing from the banquet hall to leave the king in the arms of his supporting wife.

Monday and Tuesday: Previous Y6 examples:

Can I write a narrative text?

"Helcome my gellow griends, be seated,"
armonced the sophisticated queen, Lady
MacBeth, as her crimson, velvet dress
draped around her slender ankles. Hearing
her expensive, golden jewles, she
contemptuously took her place at the
dining table. As MacBeth caught a glimpse
in the corner of his eye, he discretely
paced out of the dining court, into the
unknow shadows

"You have blood in the pores of your skin, on your gace?"
Then the murderer began to explain how the magenta blood cursed as he struck the skull.

"I have killed Banquo your highness, however ungortunatly Fleance escaped," the Murderer stuttered nervously.

"If all had gone well it would have been perfect, however at least now, at the moment he is the snake with out gangs. But in time he will become the venomous serpent with great powers which will attack!" Decoded MacBeth.

At once, the violent excusioner departed the disguised hideout, leaving MacBeth to return to his awaiting guests. Gestering, Rose said to MacBeth "take your seat your high-

ness, "polietly.

"But dear Ross, you see I can not, as the table is gull and my seat is taken," Mac. Beth exclaimed. MacBeth began to watch a sillouette imerge in his eye when suddenly he screamed at the wacant chair.

Instantainiously, Lady MacBeth, leaped out of her varnished oak throne and raced over to MacBeth. His gace was burning and horror spread across his gace as just as a lepored about to attack his innovent prey. "Lords and ladies please do not gear as this is quite a regular git he has, he has had it from youth," Lady MacBeth re-assured them in a calm and placed way.

Soon MacBeth was shaking with gear and he way saying things which could harm others.

"Please leave straight away do not worry about the order of your rank," Lady MacBeth panted whilst trying to calm him down. "I am sorry for how my husband has ruised our delightful evening."

MacBeths hillusinations began to year lady MacBeth.

"What has been seen must not be spoken!" Cried hady NacBeth.



Enday 9th May Con I untercurative? "At the hearty welcome, at your rants, I plead you to Sit upon the chairs with trumphant pleasure, gentlemen Lady Machety pronourced, Satisfyied with her greats The Candle lights bloved and blickered repetitively. Simultaneously, the novel monarch gestured, ensuring the quests. Her rich, textured gown eggortlessly draped upon the Spectless gloon, her most treasured Jewels Sillintating. "Thankyou, dear hosters!" graduated the lords, presented by a gracious bow. Macbeth discreetly wandered about the banquet, catching a rapid glimpse of his loyal assasis, a fly expression on his face. Why don't you Sit down, my kighness, that Seat over there? "Ross enquired, Savouring his crimson were. Macheth Shuddered Uncontrollably. A Silhouette energed is the edge of Macbeths eye, injuriated with the hullusuration Frozen in ane, the Companions glared in an azenent Whilst the new tring Screeched with terror at the vacant chair. In confesion puzzlement, the congregation dropped ther knines and forts, wonderous what Macketh was Studying. "Guests, he is always like this ... I gress he has his moments? Right?" Lady Macbeth arreighty rembalised their incomprehensive voice Jertung between each word. Ambulating across the dirmed room, Lady Macbeth grasped him to the cornor ahead

"What are you thinking! ? Do you want to expose our Secret?" Lady Macbeth banded, edging her way towards his ear. Fellow Lords and visitors. Please cit. Excuse my hisband. Have a Spectacular Journey home. The green parted, galling to the ground. All placed cartiosly the wire glasses after clinking and clonging their chalis, expressing a toast They eventually Scuttled away, placing the aprons on the Stool

Can I write effective narrative?

Macbeth

Within the decrepit, opulent room, the Royal Lady Macbeth eventually avuncularly welcomed her guests to the well-presented dinner table. "Please be ensconced at the dinner table my loyal friends, now you may start your fulfilling feast!" Eagaly, the guests ate away whilst Lady Macbeth and Macbeth prenoe pleased to see them. "Why thank you your Majersty." replied Ross, one of the main guests.

Trying to fool his guests, Macbeth mentioned that maybe Banquo was late. Dressed in a royal cloak his quests reserved him a seat "there's a seat there your majorsty..." replying, Macbeth exclaimed "NO THERE ISNT, there is someone sitting there!" Everyones faces were wiped out in confusion, there was clearly no one there but Macbeth sighted a ghostly figure sitting in the spare chair ...

It was Banquo! He began to shout out various nonsence like "How did you get here? Whats going on, one of you have done this!" The ghost had 20 bloody gashes in his head from where Macbeth manslaughtered him. Pleadingly, Macbeth begged his wife saying "whats going on" but all she said was "dont worry my husband is just having a fit and asked her guests to calm down".

Wednesday and Thursday: Planning format for: Discussion text
My question:
Plan your opening – what are you writing about?
Arguments FOR (with supporting evidence)
1) e.g. Lady Macbeth is manipulative. Evidence: She manipulates Macbeth into killing/having people killed for their own personal gain and greed.
2)
3)
Arguments AGAINST (with supporting evidence)
1) e.g. Lady Macbeth <u>is remorseful</u> . Evidence: She shows regret, guilt and wants to repent her sins. An evil person may not feel bad for their actions.
2)
3)
What is your conclusion after considering both sides of the argument:
In my opinion

Features of a Discussion text/Balanced argument	Have you included this in your writing?
Is there an introduction – statement of the issue to be discussed?	
Are there arguments for included, with evidence?	
Are there arguments against included, with evidence?	
Is there a conclusion – summary of discussion and have you chosen one side of the argument?	
Is it written in the present tense ?	
Is it written in the third person ?	
Have you used fantastic vocabulary?	
Have you used a range of openers and conjunctions e.g. Therefore, however?	

Useful sentence starters for a balanced argument/discussion text				
However,	Firstly	Research suggests	Consequently	
Although	Finally,	Studies show	Therefore	
On the other hand,	Furthermore	It is well known that	For this reason,	
On the contrary	Also	Statistics show that	As a result of this	
In contrast	In addition to this	It is common knowledge that	·	

Wednesday and Thursday - Is Lady Macbeth an evil character? (found online)

For many years, there has been much debate concerning the issue of Lady Macbeth being good or evil. It is a contentious argument that has sparked strong feelings from both sides. Some people argue that she is a kind-hearted wife, who only desires the best for her husband, whereas others think that she is a callous, power-hungry woman who drives her husband to becoming a serial killer. This essay will attempt to explore both points of view.

Some people think that Lady Macbeth is just another victim in William Shakespeare's famous tragedy and is entirely blameless for the disastrous events that unfolded. This is because, like Macbeth, she is under the curse of the three witches (the real villains of the play) and is therefore controlled by them. Throughout the story, Lady Macbeth talks about destiny and fulfilling a prophecy, rather than making decisions for herself. Another reason Lady Macbeth is good, according to her supporters, is that she does not actually murder anyone, unlike Macbeth. The worst thing she does is provide a sleeping potion in a jug of wine for the king's guards, which is hardly a serious crime. Instead of being a killer, she is simply being a dutiful wife and supporting her husband's dearest wish to be King. Even when things are doomed for Macbeth, she is loyal to him right until the end. This is yet another example of her being honourable and true. In addition, if Lady Macbeth was completely evil, would she feel guilty about what she had done? At the end of the play, she kills herself, because she is so guilt-ridden, she is unable to live with herself. Are these the feelings and actions of someone who is completely wicked?

On the other hand, many people argue that Lady Macbeth is an evil character, who is completely in control of not only her own actions but also her husband's. Their explanation for this is that Lady Macbeth never actually meets the witches, unlike Macbeth. In addition, although Lady Macbeth does not murder the king, it is her idea to kill him. To make matters worse, her idea is premeditated, because she has already poisoned the king's guards when she tries to persuade her husband to kill him. Would Macbeth have actually gone through with his crimes, had she not been so forceful with her venomous powers of persuasion? Furthermore, she may not kill anyone, but she orchestrates the torture of the guards, so they implicate King Duncan's sons in his murder. Surely torture is as terrible as murder! Some people believe that Lady Macbeth certainly is not a dutiful wife who wants the best for her husband, but instead is full of self-ambition. Had she wanted the best for him, would she have put him at risk of being accused of treason? According to her opponents, Lady Macbeth is anything but honourable and true, because she frequently lies to cover up her crimes. For example, she smears the guards' faces with King Duncan's blood to make them look blameable and she lies that her husband is telling jokes, when in reality he is going insane.

In conclusion, as you can see, there are strong arguments for both viewpoints and therefore no one can deny that Lady Macbeth is indeed a divisive character! Although she does not actually kill anyone, she is instrumental in many of the play's deaths and is willing to go to great lengths to disguise her crimes. As a result, I think that Lady Macbeth is an evil character, who not only commits wicked deeds herself, but persuades others to do so as well.

Monday – Science – Table of birds

Bird species	Drawing of bird/beak	Type of beak	Type of Diet	Other interesting facts
Owl Bird of Prey (Raptor)		Hooked and sharp for tearing through meat.	Meat-eaters Small mammals Other birds	They kill their prey with their feet – they have sharp claws and talons.